## Precalculus preAP Trigonometric Identities



| name: |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|
| date: |  |  |  |

Let's go on a great exploration to find out our true identities. You will put on your Smarticle Caps and use your calculator to fill out the following chart. Make sure NEVER to use rounded values – either store values and re-use, or calculate in place. Let' begin!

| θ      | sin θ | cos θ | $sin^2\theta$ | cos²θ | $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta$ |
|--------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| 33.5°  |       |       |               |       |                               |
| −96°   |       |       |               | ).    |                               |
| 200°   |       |       |               |       |                               |
| 180°   |       |       |               |       |                               |
| 137.2° |       |       |               |       |                               |
| −9876° |       | 94    |               |       |                               |

| Your detective work leads you to conjecture that:                             |   |
|---|---|
| Your mathematical training makes you want to prove                            | it without a doubt:   |
| $\sin \theta + \cos \theta =$   | (use the "x, y, r" definitions of sine and cosine to rewrite)   |
| $\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = \phantom{aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa$  | (use your algebra skills and the "x, y, r" definitions to adjust)   |
| =   | (combine correctly into one fraction)   |
| =   | (consider Pythagorean Theorem and reference triangle information to simplify the numerator) (simplify and Voila!) |
| CONCLUSION:   |   |
|   |   |
| Using your CORRECT conclusion equation/identity,                              |   |
| • Rewrite the equation isolating the $\cos^2\theta$ term                      | n:  |
| <ul> <li>Rewrite the equation isolating the sin<sup>2</sup> A term</li> </ul> |   |

Next Exploration: (remember NOT to use rounded values in ANY calculations)

| θ      | sin θ | cos θ | tan θ | $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$ |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 49.32° |       |       |       |                                   |
| -88°   |       |       |       |                                   |
| 2843°  |       |       |       |                                   |
| 156°   |       |       |       |                                   |
| 0°     |       |       |       |                                   |
| 90°    |       |       |       |                                   |

| rour detective work leads you to conjecture that:  | (but only in the case that):                                     |
|--|--|
| Your mathematical training makes you want to prove | e it without a doubt:  |
| $\frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = $               | (rewrite using the "x, y, r" definitions of sine and cosine)     |
| =  | (use your stellar fraction division skills to simplify one step) |
| =  | (simplify again if needed)                                       |
| = <u> </u>   | (rewrite as a trigonometric function using "x, y, r" definitions |
|  |  |
| CONCLUSION:  |  |
| That was so fun, let's flip it on its head:        |  |
| $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$ =                | (rewrite using the "x, y, r" definitions of sine and cosine)     |
| =  | (use your stellar fraction division skills to simplify one step) |
| Έ  | (simplify again if needed)                                       |
| =  | (rewrite as a trigonometric function using "x, y, r" definitions |
|  |  |
| CONCLUSION   |  |

